

Work package	WP4 – Learning outcome-b	ased, profession-wide, modular curricula for EQF					
Result	R4.5 Creation of the modular	curriculum for EQF Level 4					
Date of delivery	Contractual (project application)	Actual (work plan) 31/01/2021					
Type of deliverable	Modular curriculum for EQF						
Dissemination level	PU – Public		Х				
	PP - Restricted to other E+ Programme p	PP - Restricted to other E+ Programme participants (including EACEA, Commission services and project reviewers)					
	CO - Confidential, only for members of the	ne consortium (including EACEA, Commission services and project reviewers)					
Responsible partner	HTL						
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Quality Reviewer							
Summary	Modular curriculum for EQF						
Project Coordinator	SBG						







Document History

Content or partial result	1	Version	Contributors	Contribution	Date
Modular curriculum	Level 4	1	Markus Hagspiel	Creation	20.09.2021
		2	Ines Jeschke	Corrections texts	28.11.2021
		3	Markus Hagspiel	Revision	17.01.2022
		4	Ines Jeschke	Additional work from WP3 (final version)	30.06.2022
		5	Markus Hagspiel	Final draft version	31.07.2022
			Petra Ziegler	Internal Review Report	23.01.2023
			Petra Ziegler	Additions to the internal review report	27.01.2023
		6	Markus Hagspiel	Korr. after review	03.04.2023
		7	Ines Jeschke	Check corrections and additions, final version	21.04.2023



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Introduction

PSA curricula are curricula (teaching programs) based, on the one hand, on learning goal orientation and, on the other hand, on teaching by instruction.

The description of learning outcomes and learning outcome units (the WHAT) forms the multi-level qualification The learning content is basi-The hours per module are guidelines based on the national frameportfolio for EQF levels 1 to 6 (see WP3) and thus represent the basis for the implementation of the qualifications cally taught in theoretical and work curricula. The courses and workshops of the PSA are basically (the HOW). The developed PSA curricula (see WP4) contain the essential competences (contents) that are expractical learning units designed to be usable in the labour market and are based on the guideline values.²³⁴ pected from the learners at the end of the qualification. (modules).1 to be trained / learned (professional He / she knows He / she is able He / she can The course number to properly apply the basic the calculations required for read construction drawings, tables and Name and calculation rules, regulations and methods of the various calculagraphics.
present the numbers and calculations work preparation and the imules, regulations and is the number of a number of plementation of services in the methods of the various measurements on painting trade. required for the billing in a clean, clear, 50 100 bookable the UNIT to analyze and assess rethe basic rules, regulations unambiguous and clearly recognizable course/workshop ceived documents. to carry out calculations. and components for the prepand aration of the following calcudescribe and explain these basis (see WP5). compare, identify relation regulations, components and Measurement a ships. of the various calculation tions Material calculations itions (deter vidual services for the calmine masses / antities) cost calculations rerial calculations (material carry out m culations (demand con-Carry out projectto communicate with busivirginents, productivity, layer thick-ses, consumption calculations, layer 20 60 hicknesses convercalculations UNIT 1 - N hickness conversion, determine a Total hours per UNIT prepare effort calculat and document time requirements). scribe simple calcula entiate between net and amounts, structure a price cal ion, interpret cost offers) 130 ple calculations

- Module 1 = Rules ...
- Module 2 = Material acculations ...
- Module 3 = Cost calculations ...



¹ The example shows that the essential content is taughhere in 3 modules:

² The individual modules basically consist of theoretical (yellow columns) and practical (red columns) learning units. For example, Module 1 here consists of a total of 150 hours (50 hours of theory and 100 hours of practice).

³ The individual modules can be further subdivided in terms of content and time into a variety of courses and/or workshops (see WP5).

⁴ If learners want to achieve a national vocational qualification, the national rules and regulations must be complied with (see WP1 and WP8).

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Level 4 Overview total hours (Example: Austria 5)

-	Responsibility	to be trained / learned					Out deline	e U
TINO	and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory	Guideline in hours	Practice	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
L4_U1	UNIT 1 - Measurement and calculat	ion			405			
L4_01	L3_U1-1 Measurement and calculation	1			115		290	
	UNIT 2 - Health and safety, environr	nent						248
L4_U2	L3_U2-1 Health and safety				46		138	
	L3_U2-2 Environment				16		48	
	UNIT 3 – Dealing with information ar	nd communication technology and cu	stomer orientation				_	134
L4_U3	L3_U3-1 Dealing with information and	ealing with information and communication technology					84	
	L3_U3-2 Customer orientation	stomer orientation cceptance of orders and setting up workplaces					30	
	UNIT 4 - Acceptance of orders and						_	132
L4_U4	L3_U4-1 Acceptance of orders				14		70	
	L3_U4-2 Setting up workplaces						40	
	UNIT 5 - Materials and tools, device	s, machines and systems						342
L4_U5	L3_U5-1 Materials				70		140	
	L3_U5-2 Tools, devices, machines and	d systems			22		110	
L4_U6	UNIT 6 - Working methods for coati	ng processes (cleaning, decoating, spra	aying) and coating techniques				_	192
L4_00	L3_U6-1 Working methods for coating	processes (cleaning, decoating, spraying	g)		32		160	
	UNIT 7 - Surface assessment (test m	nethods)						159
	L3_U7-1 Surface assessment (test me	thods) TROWELLED SURFACES			8		16	
L4_U7	L3_U7-2 Surface assessment (test me	thods) PLASTERBOARD			4		8	
	L3_U7-3 Surface assessment (test me	thods) TIMBER SURFACES			8		16	
	L3_U7-4 Surface assessment (test me	4 Surface assessment (test methods) METAL SURFACES - Non-ferrous metals: IRON STEEL					14	
	L3_U7-4 Surface assessment (test me	Surface assessment (test methods) METAL SURFACES - Non-ferrous metals: ZINC			7		14	
	L3_U7-4 Surface assessment (test me	Surface assessment (test methods) METAL SURFACES - Non-ferrous metals: ALUMINIUM			7		14	
	L3_U7-4 Surface assessment (test me	thods) METAL SURFACES - Non-ferrou	s metals: COPPER		7		14	
	L3_U7-4 Surface assessment (test me	thods) PLASTIC-SURFACES			5		10	







	UNIT 8 – Surface treatments (preparing substrates for coatings)					300		
L4_U8	L3_U8-1 Surface treatments (preparing substrates for coatings)		75		225			
	UNIT 9 – Coating systems (coating structure)							
L4_U9	L3_U9-1 Coating systems (coating structure)		100		300			
	UNIT 10 – Decorative design					320		
L4-U10	L3_U10-1 Stylistics, color and form theory, writing		40		20			
	L3_U10-2 Decoration techniques		70		190			
L4_U11	IT 11 – Wallpapering					242		
L4_U11	L3_U11-1 Wallpapering		22		220			
L4_U12	UNIT 12 – Protective and speciality finishes					135		
L4_012	L3_U12-1 Protective and speciality finishes		30		105			
L4_U13	UNIT 13 – Assembly work and isolation work					165		
L4_U13	L3_U13-1 Assembly work				150			
	L4_U13-2 Insulation work		0		0			
L4_U14	UNIT 14 - Standards and quality control					60		
	L4_U14-1 Standards and quality control		15		45			
L4_U15	UNIT 15 – Historical painting techniques					88		
	L4_U15-1 Historical painting techniques		22		66			
L4_U16	UNIT 16 – Lay floor coverings					0		
	L4_U16-1 Lay floor coverings		0		0			
L4_U17	JNIT 17 – Ecological painting and sustainability				155			
	.4_U17-1 Ecological painting 25 90							
	L4_U17-2 Sustainability		10		30			
SUM			820		2.657	3.477		

⁵ Here, using Austria as an example, the hours per module are shown, which are based on the Austrian framework curriculum. This file is supplemented by an overview of all hours per partner country (see exel file "PSA_WP4_dt+en_FINAL overview hours_Level 4_06.12.2022), because the scheduled hours can differ within Europe. In the exel file you can find the maximum and minimum hours for each partner country. The courses and workshops of the PSA are based on the guideline values and can deviate, depending on the learning objective.





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Level 4 - Painter and Decorator

		to be t	rained / learned	Theory	ne 's		ne 's	Š.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
and calculation and calculation	He / she is able to properly apply the basic rules, regulations and methods of the various calculations. to analyse and assess received documents. to carry out calculations, compare, identify relation-	He / she knows the calculations required for work preparation and the implementation of services in the painting trade. the basic rules, regulations and components for the preparation of the following calculations:	He / she can read construction drawings, tables and graphics. present the numbers and calculations required for the billing in a clean, clear, unambiguous and clearly recognizable manner. describe and explain these basic rules, regulations, components and methods	rules, regulations and methods of the various calculations. Measurement rules.	50	Create measurements on site (mass determination)	100	
UNIT 1 - Measurement L4_U1-1 Measurement	vidual services for the cal- ✓ Material calculations	of the various calculations. create allowance calculations (determine masses / quantities). carry out material calculations (material requirements, productivity, layer thicknesses, consumption calculations, layer thickness conversion, determine material costs). prepare effort calculations (determine	Determine material cal- culations (demand, con- sumption, costs, visible thicknesses, conver- sions)	20	Carry out project- related material calculations	60		
UN L4			 and document time requirements). formulate and describe simple calculations (differentiate between net and gross amounts, structure a price calculation, interpret cost offers). 	Effort calculations, simple calculations	45	Project-related simple preliminary and final costing	130	
SUM					115		290	





		to be tra	ained / learned	Theory	e s		e s	No.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
ealth and safety, environment U2-1 Health and safety	to take technical and organizational measures to avoid hazards as well as psychological and physical stress for himself/herself and others, including preventive measures.	 the dangers (from harmful substances) that arise in many areas of activity in the painting trade. the dangers (from harmful substances) that arise in many areas of activity in the painting trade. the dangers (from harmful substances) that arise in many areas of activity in the painting trade. the necessary first aid steps. rights and obligations from the 				Safety equipment in the plant and on the construction site	48	
and safety, Health and	 to describe the behaviour in the event of an accident and initiate initial measures in the event of an accident. 	occupational health and safety and accident prevention regulations. the technical standards, regulations, laws and labels.	gers and accidents according to the situation. explain safe and healthy work and ergonomic working methods. apply the rules of preventive fire protection. describe the behaviour in the event of a fire and take fire-fighting	Working with ladders and scaffolds	10	Setting up and securing construction sites	30	
UNIT 2 - Hea			measures. describe, explain and implement the relevant standards and legal regulations (EU law): Health (occupational safety), safety (handling dangerous substances, safety signs, working with ladders	Personal protective equipment	10	Know and comply with safety and protection regulations	30	
			 and scaffolding, handling electrical devices, personal protective equipment). First aid (correct measures and correct order). read and understand safety data sheets. 	First aid	10	Recognize and avoid hazards. React correctly in the event of accidents at work.	30	
SUM					46		138	







		to be t	rained / learned	Theory	e s		s s	<u>o</u>
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
and safety, environment	He / she is able to recognize possible environmental hazards and independently carry out environmental protection measures depending on the situation. to recognize opportunities to avoid operational pollution for the environment in his/her own area of re-	He / she knows the dangers (from environmentally harmful substances) that arise in many areas of activity in the painting trade. the technical standards, regulations, laws and labels. environmentally friendly materials and coating systems.	He / she can use the possibilities of economical and environmentally friendly use of energy and materials. implement measures for water pollution control, waste avoidance and disposal. describe and assign measures to save energy.	Exploit opportunities for the economical and environmentally friendly use of energy and materials	10	Utilize possibilities of economical and environmentally friendly use of energy and materials.	30	
2 – Health L4_U2	sponsibility and contribute to its	environmental protection reg-	select and apply environmentally friendly coatings.	Measures for water pollution control	3	Cleaning and maintenance, use of splitting equipment, etc.	9	
UNIT			ronmentally friendly manner. consider economic, environmentally friendly and social aspects in work processes, materials and energy consumption.	Waste avoidance, -disposal	3	Waste prevention, -disposal	9	
SUM					16		48	







		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e s		s s	No.
chnology	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
and communication technology orientation and communication technology	He / she is able to handle your own and company-related data from third parties and comply with data protection and data security regulations. to associate risks with the use of digital media and information technology systems assess and	He / she knows the rules (e.g. data protection requirements) and methods in dealing with information and communication technology (ICT). presentation techniques, documentation and storage options. sources for obtaining infor-	He / she can work and communicate with IT (PC etc. and the current basic and application software such as Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Outlook), taking into account the applicable rules and regulations. plan his/her own work steps. analyze and present data.	Analyze and present data	4	Analyze and present data	30	
with information and customer with information	 comply with regulations when using them. to recognize disruptions in communication processes and contribute to their resolution. to obtain information and differentiating, assessing and evaluating it with regard to the various sources and media. 	 mation. the opportunities and risks of the Internet and digitization in the craft sector. digital media and information technology systems. industry-specific software. technical terms for technical and creative work tasks. 	use ICT (e.g. data research). communicate electronically (e-mail, social media) communicate efficiently and in a resource-saving, target-oriented manner, as well as document communication results. do research information in digital networks and obtain it from	Use information and communication technology (e.g. data research)	4	Use information and communication technology (e.g. data research)	12	
UNIT 3 – Dealing L4_U3-1 Dealing	to use IT and the Internet responsibly.	the current Basic Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).	digital networks as well as checking, evaluating and selecting information, including thirdparty information.	communicate electronically (e.g. e-mail, video chat)	7	communicate electronically (e.g. e-mail, video chat)	12	
SUM					15		84	





		to be traine	d / learned	Theory	e s		e s	o O
ology	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
d communication technology entation orientation	He / she is able to advise customers. to create the documentation and presentations required for the process and the acceptance / billing of a customer order. to practice appreciation of others while taking social diversity into account.	He / she knows the importance of customer orientation. the rules for dealing with customers (manners and behaviour in business life). the impact of customer satisfaction on operating results.	He / she can implement measures of customer orientation. structure the customer order in a customer-oriented manner. describe and apply correct behaviour when dealing with customers. submit maintenance suggestions and explain maintenance	Accepting orders and planning one's own work steps	1	Accepting orders and planning one's own work steps	8	
Dealing with information and communi and customer orientation L4_U3-2 Costumer orientation			 intervals. carry out work in a customer-oriented manner. receive and forward requests and objections from customers. conduct customer-oriented discussions with customers. inform customers. hand over completed work. classify and present services. 	Customer-oriented communication (objections, advice, etc.)	1	Customer-oriented communication (objections, advice, etc.)	8	
UNIT 3 – Dealir				Customer-oriented execution of work	1	Customer-oriented execution of work	14	
SUM					3		30	





Ø		to be trained / learned		Theory	e S	. ω		No.
workplaces	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
and setting up g procedures	He / she is able to take over the planning, preparation and execution of work tasks. to organize the work in the team. to applying problem-solving strategies can reflect on one's own actions and communicate	He / she knows the structure of customer orders (6 phases, see below). the usual order documents (e.g. description of services). the importance of information and technical documents.	He / she can check specifications for feasibility (after entering the work order). make and use sketches. obtain and use information (technical data sheets and instructions for use).	Planning, preparation of work tasks.	8	Present and identify customary contract documents.	20	
rocessing procedures Planning of processin	with those involved (employees, customers,). to define work processes taking ergonomic and ecological aspects into account.	urements customary on con- struction sites.	 use technical documents (e.g. material lists, operating instructions, manufacturer information, standards, safety rules, work instructions). apply plans and drawings. determine quantities from drawings and plans. 	Technical information and instructions for use	2	Technical information and instructions for use	10	
UNIT 4 – Planning of proc		 plan work steps. carry out and document work tasks with people involved in the company. check local and weather conditions as a prerequisite for starting and carrying out work. carry out underground tests and measurements. provide materials. plan the use of work equipment. carry out safety measures. 	Planning work processes taking into account ergonomic and ecological aspects.	4	Planning work processes taking into account ergonomic and ecological aspects.	40		
SUM					14		70	





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		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e s		မ ဇ	<u> </u>
rkplaces	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
ures and setting up workplaces workplaces	He / she is able to set up workplaces taking ergonomic, economic and ecological aspects into account. to apply problem-solving strategies can reflect on one's own actions and communicate with those involved (employees, customers,).	He / she knows the essential aspects for the successful establishment of safe workplaces. the importance of security measures for construction sites, for people working in the workplace and against theft of work equipment.	He / she can set up, secure, maintain and close workplaces taking ergonomic aspects into account. assess the suitability of traffic and transport routes and initiate measures for their use. check ladders and scaffolding. carry out construction site safety	Set up workplaces (workshop and construction site)	4	Set up workplaces (workshop and construction site)	24	
 Planning of processing procedures L4_U4-2 Setting up work 			measures, observe safety and health plans.	Present measures for occupational safety	3	Present measures for occupational safety	8	
UNIT 4 – Planning of p				Traffic and transport routes, energy supply	1	Traffic and transport routes, energy supply	8	
SUM					8		40	

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us		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e s		s s	No.
and systems	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
, machines als	He / she is able to properly assess and use materials (materials, auxiliary materials and coating materials). to create suitable documentation.	He / she knows the properties and composition of coating materials (e.g. binders, pigments, solvents, additives). the basics for the production of a	He / she can select work, auxiliary and coating materials based on the order. prepare and provide materials, auxiliary materials and coating	Basic knowledge of binders and pigments	8	Proper use of various binders	16	
tools, devices, m .4_U5-1 Materials		coating material / lacquer. the drying processes in coating materials	materials for processing. select and apply coating materials according to properties, composition and compatibility. process raw materials, auxiliary materials and coating materials	Basic knowledge of solvents/thinners	8	Proper use of various solvents/thinners	16	
Materials and t			using tools, devices, machines and systems.	To evaluate and use materials (materials, auxiliaries and coatings) in a professional manner	32	Correct use of various materials	64	
UNIT 5 – M				To prepare suitable documentation.	22	Use appropriate documentation	44	
SUM					70		140	





		Knowledge Skills (vocation organism to cols, in tools,	Theory	e s		e s	No.	
and systems stems	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
devices, machines and systems	He / she is able • to operate and maintain tools, devices, machines and systems properly.	 the tools, equipment, machines and systems required to carry out painting work. the dealing with instructions for use. the handling, care, maintenance and storage of tools, devices, machines and systems. the possible uses of tools, devices, machines and systems. 	 select, handle and maintain tools, devices, machines and systems. set up devices, machines and systems and operate them using the protective devices. detect malfunctions in devices, machines and systems and arrange for the malfunction to be rectified. 	Use tools profession- ally	16	Use order-related specific tools	70	
UNIT 5 – Materials and tools, L4_U5-2 Tools, devices		the advantages and disadvantages of the individual tools, devices, machines and systems.	 operate transport equipment. select, handle and maintain measuring and testing devices. set up and use work aids (e.g. work platforms). carry out and document functional checks on tools, devices, machines and systems. select, set up and operate tools, devices, machines and systems: for creating and preparing the subsurface, for cleaning for stripping and coating for the production and design of surfaces 	Operate and maintain equipment, machines and systems in a professional manner.	6	Use order-related specific devices, machines and systems	40	
SUM					22		110	





ω		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	s s		e s	ġ
techniques	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
and coatings and coating	He / she is able to select and carry out work processes and coating techniques properly and to control the work carried out. to manufacture, process, treat and design surfaces. to carry out tasks using suitable	He / she knows comprehensive facts, principles, procedures and general terms relating to work processes and coating techniques. the properties of the substrates (mineral substrates, building boards, timber and timber-based)	He / she can create surfaces through initial and overhaul coatings with suitable coating materials. design surfaces with patterns, tool structures and coating materials. implement fonts and symbols.	Produce surfaces by applying initial and overhaul coatings using appropriate coating materials.	8	Produce surfaces by applying initial and overhaul coatings using appropriate coating materials.	80	
coating processes r coating processes	working processes and coating techniques, and to select and use them to solve special problems.	materials, metal substrates, plastic substrates) and the respective suitable working processes and coating techniques.	maintain and preserve surfaces. describe and carry out maintenance and repair work.	Design surfaces with patterns, tool structures and coating materials.	8	Design surfaces with patterns, tool structures and coating materials.	40	
Working methods for coating processes Working methods for coating processes				Maintain and preserve surfaces	2	Maintain and pre- serve surfaces	16	
UNIT 6 – Worl L4_U6-1 Wor				Describe and carry out maintenance and repair work.	4	Describe and carry out maintenance and repair work.	24	
SUM					32		160	





	Dogwowsibility.	to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	ine Irs	Dunation	ine Is	e e						
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	,	,	,	`	,	,	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
nt (test methods) SURFACES	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a mineral substrate using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test. to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a mineral substrate on the quality of the coating. general substrate tests for mineral substrates (check for soiling, strength, absorbency, growth such as algae, mold, moss).	He / she can carry out the following test methods, document and compare the results of the assessment or measurement: • Methods for general exams visual inspection hand rub scratch test (with painter's	Methods for general testing	2	Testing mineral substrates	4							
Surface assessment (test methods) J7-1 TROWELLED SURFACES	defects, based on the results of the inspection.	 special tests for plaster substrates (check for alkalinity, moisture, cracks, sintered layers, strength, breakouts, cavities). special substrate tests for masonry (check for breakouts, joint damage, salt efflorescence). 	spatula) ✓ wetting test • Test methods for plaster substrates ✓ visual inspection ✓ measure moisture and pH • Methods of testing masonry	Methods for testing plaster substrates	4	Use equipment and methods for testing plaster substrates	8							
UNIT 7 – Surfac L4_U7-1 TR		special substrate tests for concrete (check for concrete cover of the reinforcement, formwork oil residues, rust flags, surface strength, compressive strength, tear strength).	 ✓ knock test Methods of testing concrete ✓ electromagnetic measurement ✓ wetting test ✓ visual inspection ✓ cratch test 	Methods for testing masonry	1	Use devices and methods for testing masonry	2							
			 ✓ knock test ✓ pulling device ✓ Phenolphthalein test 	Methods for testing concrete	1	Use devices and methods for testing concrete	2							
SUM					8		16							





<u>Q</u>		to be traine	ed / learned	Theomy	eω		e s	O
(test methods) NG BOARDS AND RTS	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
assessment ARD, BUILDIN BRICATED PAI	He / she is able to examine and assess the condition of plasterboards, building boards and prefabricated parts in the interior using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test.	He / she knows the influence of the nature of the substrates made of plaster-boards, building boards and prefabricated parts in the interior on the quality of the coating. the substrate properties to be checked before coating: surface	He / she can identify the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of plasterboards, building boards and prefabricated parts in the interior by visual inspection. analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for general testing	1	Testing building slabs and friable part substrates	2	
UNIT 7 – Surface L4_U7-2 PLASTERBC PREFAB	to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	quality, moisture, adhesion of the cardboard, yellowing of the cardboard, dirt, cracks, mold, corrosion of the fasteners.		Methods for testing interior building panels and prefabricated parts	3	Use equipment and methods for testing building panels and prefabricated parts	6	
SUM					4		8	







		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e S		ne S	No.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	(vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
ment (test methods) SURFACES	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a timber substrate by using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test.	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a timber substrate on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests to be carried out before coating timber substrate and timb attentions.	He / she can recognize the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of timber substrates by means of suitable test methods (visual inspection, scratch test, means transpection).	Methods for general testing	2	Testing timber substrates	4	
assess	to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	strates and timber structures (check for moisture, grayed timber, cracks in the timber, resin pockets and timber constituents, timber pests, load-bearing capacity of old coatings). • the timber defects that have to	moisture measurement, adhesive tape test). analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for testing wood defects	4	Use equipment and methods for testing wood defects	8	
UNIT 7 – Surface L4_U7-3 T		be detected before the coating of timber substrates and timber structures (loose knots, sharp edges, edge alignment, insufficient tendency to run off, open timber connections, timber dowels, finger-jointing).		Methods for testing moisture and bearing capacity of old coatings	1	Use devices and methods for testing wood moisture and the load-bearing capacity of old coatings	2	
_		olo, migor jointing).		Methods for testing old coatings	1	Use devices and methods for testing old coatings	2	
SUM					8		16	





		to be traine	ed / learned		9 v		s e	No.
(spo	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
assessment (test methods) SURFACES (Iron Steel)	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a metal substrate - iron / steel using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test.	 the influence of the nature of a metal substrate - iron / steel on the quality of the coating. the results of the the results of the ditate the necestes to remedy fects, based on the influence of the nature of a metal substrate - iron / steel on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests that have to be carried out before coating metal substrates - iron / steel (check for scale and mill skin, rust, impurities, grease, oils, adhesion of the old coating, recoat- 	steel, by means of suitable test methods (visual inspection, scratch test, cross-cut test, adhesive tape test, test with copper sulphate solution). analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for general testing	1	Testing ferrous metals	2	
- Surface 7-4 METAL	to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.			Methods for testing metal damage/ contamination	4	Use equipment and procedures to inspect for metal damage and contamination	8	
UNIT 7 L4_U				Methods for testing the bearing capacity of old coatings	2	Use devices and methods for testing old coatings	4	
SUM					7		14	





		to be traine	rained / learned		s s		ie s	No.
ods) tals: Zinc	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
assessment (test methods) ACES - Non-ferrous metals:	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a metal substrate - zinc using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test. to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy.	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a metal substrate - zinc on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests that must be carried out before coating a metal substrate - zinc (check for visible and recognizable defects)	He / she can recognize the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of a metal substrate - zinc by means of suitable test methods (visual inspection, scratch test, cross-cut test, adhesive tape test).	Methods for general testing	1	Testing non-ferrous metals	2	
Surface assess L SURFACES -	sary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	entified defects, based on (e.g. damaged galvanization),	analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for testing zinc damage/ Impurities	4	Use equipment and procedures to inspect zinc damage and contamination	8	
UNIT 7 – L4_U7-5 META				Methods for testing the bearing capacity of old coatings	2	Use devices and methods for testing old coatings	4	
SUM					7		14	





		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e s		ne s	No.
luminum	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
assessment (test methods) ES - Non-ferrous metals: Aluminum	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a metal substrate - aluminum using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test.	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a metal substrate - aluminum on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests to be carried out before coating a metal substrate - aluminum (check for visible and recognizable defects (e.g. pitting, etched spots), con-	He / she can recognize the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of a metal substrate - aluminum by means of suitable test methods (visual inspection, scratch test, cross-cut test, adhesive tape test). analyze and document the re-	Methods for general testing	1	Testing aluminum substrates	2	
UNIT 7 – Surface as: METAL SURFACES	to take of initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	dentified defects, based on tamination, grease, oils, load-	sults of the review.	Methods for testing aluminum damage/contamination	4	Use equipment and procedures to test for aluminum damage and contamination	8	
UNIT L4_U7-6 META				Methods for testing old coatings (bearing capacity)	2	Use devices and methods for testing old coatings	4	
SUM					7		14	



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_		to be traine	ed / learned	TI	e s		ie S	No.		
ods)	Responsibility and autonomy	and autonomy Knowledge Skills	(vocational training organization)	(vocational training		(vocational training	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
assessment (test methods)	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a metal substrate - copper using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test.	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a metal substrate - copper on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests that are to be carried out before coating a metal substrate - copper (check for visible and recognizable de-	He / she can recognize the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of a metal substrate - copper by means of suitable test methods (visual inspection, scratch test, cross-cut test, adhesive tape test).	Methods for general testing	1	Testing copper metals	2			
Surface	to take or initiate the necessary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	fects, impurities, grease, oils, aging).	analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for testing of copper damage/contamination	4	Use equipment and procedures to test for copper damage and contamination	8			
UNIT 7 – L4_U7-7 METAL				Methods for testing of old coatings (bearing capacity)	2	Use equipment and methods for testing old coatings	4			
SUM					7		14			

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the authors, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.





		to be traine	ed / learned	_	s s		s	No.
(sp	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
assessment (test methods) _ASTIC-SURFACES	He / she is able to examine and assess the nature of a plastic substrate using suitable test methods. to document the results of the test. to take or initiate the neces-	He / she knows the influence of the nature of a plastic substrate on the quality of the coating. the substrate tests that must be carried out before coating a plastic substrate (check for type of plastic, weathering, release	He / she can • recognize the substrate properties relevant for the proper coating of a plastic substrate by means of suitable test methods (research type of plastic, visual inspection, touch, wetting test, scratch test, cross-cut test, ad-	Methods for general testing	1	Testing plastics	2	
- Surface L4_U7-8 PI	sary measures to remedy identified defects, based on the results of the inspection.	agents, old coatings).	hesive tape test, compatibility test). analyze and document the results of the review.	Methods for testing plastic damage/contamination	2	Use equipment and methods for testing copper damage and contamination	4	
7 TINU				Methods for testing old coatings (load bearing capacity)	2	Use devices and methods for testing old coatings	4	
SUM					5		10	





sg 🥶		to be traine	ed / learned	Th	e s		s s	No.
for coatings for coatings)	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
substrates substrates f	He / she is able to professionally select and carry out substrate treatments, tailored to the nature and requirements of the respective substrate and check the work	He / she knows the properties and materials of the typical substrates in the building trade. the properties and characteristics of the base, intermediate and	He / she can • select the suitable substrate treatments and to carry them out professionally: ✓ removal of plaster damage ✓ fluating, hydrophobing	Evaluate substrates	8	Use equipment and procedures to test substrates	24	
ents (preparing s	carried out in order to achieve stable surfaces for subse- quent coatings.	topcoats. different primers. subsurface treatments that serve diurnal and solid surfaces and corrosion protection (chemical, electro-chemical, biological).	✓ impregnate ✓ grouting with sealants ✓ smoothing and filling (e.g. filling according to quality levels Q1 to Q4, putty) ✓ apply base coats for subsequent	Prepare substrates	24	Prepare substrates, remove coatings	40	
Surface treatments (Surface treatments			topcoats.	Select materials for substrate preparation	14	Select and check job- related materials	32	
UNIT 8 – St L4_U8-1 S				Work on substrates	24	Repair substrates, level out unevenness, apply suitable primers,	129	
SUM					75		225	





		to be traine	ed / learned	-	ie S		s s	No.
of coating) coatings)	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
stems (layers of coystems (layers coa	to select the coating and the correct coating structure required for the respective substrate and to carry out and control the coating properly. to justify the respective coating	He / she knows the type of coating processes and their characteristics. coating systems (primer, intermediate, topcoat) for mineral substrates, timber, metal and plastic substrates.	He / she can apply coatings in compliance with standards and guidelines for the processing of different coating materials. execute and prove the required layer thicknesses.	Prepare coating work	32	Re-mixing of color tones according to specifications under supervision	40	
- Coating syste	structure to persons and customers involved in the company.	 the tasks of the individual layers of a coating. the different coating materials, the essential properties and the most important areas of application. 		Apply coatings	32	Coatings on different substrates using different working techniques	200	
UNIT 9 -				Renovate coating defects	36	Recognition of coating defects and their elimination	60	
SUM					100		300	





		to be traine	ed / learned	TI	s s		ie s	No.
, writing	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
rative design and form theory,	He / she is able to receive and forward customer requests. to inform customers and justify design proposals.	He / she knows the basic building / art styles and their characteristics. the basics of the geometry / architecture of a room.	He / she can classify the basic building / art styles. determine the geometry / architecture of a room and apply the	Basics of building and art styles	8	Basics of building and art styles	8	
- Deco		the basics of form and color theory. the basics of communicative and decorative design.	 basic rules of design. use fonts, symbols, pictorial representations and ornaments in the design of rooms and surfaces. 	Basics of geometry/architecture of a room	8	Basics of geometry/architecture of a room		
UNIT 10 -				Use fonts, signs, pictorial representations and ornaments in the design of spaces and surfaces	8	Using fonts, signs, pictorial representations and ornaments in the design of spaces and surfaces		
L4_U1				Constructions and types of illustration in decorations	16	Decoration techniques	12	
SUM					40		20	





		to be	trained / learned		e s		စ္ခ	<u>o</u>
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
v	He / she is able to describe design work and to carry it out professionally, taking into account the customer's He / she is able to describe design work and to carry it out professionally.	He / she knows the basics of room and facade design. the typical substrates in the building trade and the require-	He / she can design rooms and areas with coating materials and wall, ceiling and floor coverings. produce metallic appliqués.	Basics decoration techniques	8	Creating stencils, grid enlargement	24	
orative design ation techniques	 wishes. to document the design work. to produce lettering and means of communication. 	ments for the substrates of the design techniques. the difference between safety signs and road markings and the respective application techniques.	 present room concepts and facade designs to customers. create surface effects with coating materials, glazes, applications, bronze techniques and sheet metal coatings: Simple design techniques (dab- 	Complex design techniques	40	Complex design techniques	80	
– Dec		that the quality of the design techniques, in addition to high- quality materials and special tools, depends in particular on the craftsmanship and the	bing technique, winding tech- nique, design with Pattern rollers, combing technique, speckling technique, dabbing technique, stenciling technique, stamping	Individual creative techniques	16	Individual creative techniques	40	
UNIT 10 L4_U10-2		"handwriting" of the person carrying out the work.	technique, spatula technique). Complex design techniques (timber imitation, grain, stone imitation (marble, granite, sandstone, illusion painting)). Individual creative techniques. Design with leaf metals. carry out decoration and restoration work while observing the style epochs, especially in rooms and facades. prepare and implement drafts for simple communicative and decorative designs (e.g. fonts, symbols, ornaments). carry out safety signs and road markings.	Gilding techniques	6	Gilding techniques	46	
SUM					70		190	





		to be traine	ed / learned	Theory	e s		s s	Š.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
	He / she is able to use wall coverings to design rooms and surfaces. to derive work tasks within the framework of wall cladding	He / she knows the importance of wallpaper and wall coverings for the design of wall surfaces. the history, development and	He / she can cover surfaces (carry out wallpapering and gluing work). process wall coverings - taking into account the following sub-	Substrate testing/ pretreatment, adhesives	6	Substrate testing/ pretreatment, adhesives	40	
Wallpapering Wallpapering	 and to control persons involved in the operation during implementation. to advise customers. 	manufacture of wallpapers and wall coverings. the classification of wallpapers and wall coverings according to EN 233 and EN 234. the requirements for wallpapering	tasks: ✓ determine the need for wallpaper ✓ select wallpapering tools and equipment and have them ready	Types of wallpaper, markings	4	Types of wallpaper, markings	16	
UNIT 11 – W L4_U11-1 W		substrates. rules, tools / devices and processing regulations for professional wallpapering.	 ✓ check the wallpaper labeling ✓ check wallpaper ✓ cut wallpaper • prepare, carry out wallpaper paste 	Determining wallpaper requirements	4	Determining wallpaper requirements	32	
		He / she knows the wallpaper markings according to EN 235 and the wallpaper adhesive (depending on the use of the wall covering and the type of wallpaper).	carry out wall coverings, taking into account the following subtasks: ✓ paste ✓ wallpapering practice check the substrate and select the substrate preparation suitable for the specific wall covering. describe, assign, explain and apply the rules, tools / devices and processing guidelines for professional wallpapering.	Processing of wall coverings	8	Processing of wall coverings	132	
SUM					22		220	





		to be tra	ained / learned	Theory	e s		e s	Š.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
finishes	He / she is able to implement measures for timber and building protection. to select and carry out protective and special coatings in a	He / she knows features, properties and tasks of the most important protective and special coatings. the necessary materials, tools	He / she can carry out preventive timber and building protection measures. eliminate damage from timber-destroying fungi and insects on timber	Concrete protection	8	Concrete protection	32	
and speciality finishes and speciality finishes	 professional manner and to check the work carried out. to develop customer-oriented problem solutions. 	 and devices, machines and systems for processing protective and special coatings. the standards and regulations that must be observed for the execution of such coatings. 	 structures and components. carry out special coatings and sealings on floor surfaces. carry out preventive fire protection on timber and steel components. apply protective and maintenance 	Fire protection	6	Fire protection	8	
Protective and Protective and			coatings to metal surfaces. apply protective and maintenance coatings to concrete and aerated concrete surfaces. clean natural stones, exposed ma-	Floor coating	8	Floor coating	32	
UNIT 12 – P L4_U12-1 P	(Note: These are coatings that specialist painters can carry out without additional qualifications.)		sonry and concrete surfaces. seal surfaces made of fiber cement taking into account the properties that are hazardous to health. repair cracked plaster surfaces. in particular, carry out the following protective and special coatings correctly and document the results: concrete protective coatings fire protection coatings anti-corrosion coatings floor coatings coating of trusses	Corrosion protection coatings	8	Corrosion protection coatings	33	
SUM					30		105	







		to be train	ed / learned	TI	s s		ie S	No.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
T 13 – Assembly work U13-1 Assembly work	He / she is able to carry out and check dismantling and assembly work. to develop customer-oriented solutions to problems.	He / she knows features, properties and tasks of the most important assembly work. the concepts of dry construction. the areas of application of dry construction and the advantages and disadvantages of this construction method. the necessary materials, tools, devices, machines and systems	He / she can assemble system elements, components, prefabricated parts and prefabricated elements, including substructures: dry construction (post construction, substructures, single post, double post, installation walls) ceiling structures assembly of plasterboard	Carry out and check dismantling and as- sembly work	10	Carry out and check dismantling and assem- bly work	110	
UNIT		to carry out assembly work.	✓ filling (quality levels Q1 - Q4) ✓ joint formation ✓ primer	Develop customer-oriented solutions to problems.	5	Develop customer-ori- ented solutions to prob- lems.	40	
SUM					15		150	



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		to be trained	ed / learned	TI	s se		s s	No.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
ds and quality control nsulation work	He / she is able to carry out and control energy-saving measures (thermal insulation work). to develop customer-oriented solutions to problems.	He / she knows features, properties and tasks of the most important insulation work. the concepts of thermal insulation. standards and guidelines that are required to carry out such services. the tools, equipment, machines and systems required to carry out	He / she can install insulation and separating layers. apply coating and assembly techniques to reduce heat losses. create thermal insulation composite systems. select and use cold and moisture protection systems.	Carry out and check insulation work	0	Carry out and check insulation work	0	
UNIT 13 – Standards L4_U13-2 Insi		insulation work. • the basics of thermal protection. • the properties and areas of application of the thermal insulation materials. • the construction of external and internal insulation. • the most important materials for performing insulation work: ✓ thermal insulation materials (rigid polystyrene foam boards, mineral fibers, polyurethane, timber fiber boards,) ✓ thermal insulation plaster	and document the results: ✓ thermal insulation composite systems (insulation layer, reinforcement, topcoat) ✓ interior insulation (thermal wallpaper, composite panels, facing shells, calcium silicate panels, etc.)	Develop customer-oriented solutions to problems.	0	Develop customer-ori- ented solutions to prob- lems.	0	
SUM					0		0	

Note: Not part of the training in Austria.







•		to be train	ed / learned	TI	s s		ie s	No.
(mangement) (management)	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
and quality control and quality control	He / she is able to apply quality assurance measures. to select and apply suitable measures of operational quality management for problem solving. to supervise and control the implementation and implementation. to reflect on one's own actions	He / she knows the most important occupational standards, technical guidelines, regulations and laws. the importance and characteristics of quality control. quality assurance measures. the rules of operational quality management.	He / she can check and describe the most important job-related standards, regulations and laws (for order processing, technical order execution, training and employment relationships). implement quality assurance measures (evaluate measurement and test results. Document and evaluate object related	Standards, regulations and laws	8	Standards, regulations and laws in the company (order processing, -execution, working relationship)	32	
UNIT 14 – Standards L4_U14-1 Standards	and to communicate with other participants.		weather measurements.).	Quality control / management	7	Measures for problem solving and elimination	13	
SUM					15		45	



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		to be	trained / learned	Th	s ie		s e	<u>o</u>
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource No.
techniques techniques	He / she is able for the professional implementation of historical painting techniques. to demonstrate that the quality of historical painting techniques depends on high-qual-	He / she knows the importance of historical painting techniques for the painting trade. the special requirements for professional competence that are required to carry	He / she can recognize, check and evaluate historical undergrounds. select special materials and application techniques and apply them to the object. recognize damage patterns on sub-	Subsoil testing	8	Subsoil testing	16	
painting	 ity materials, historical recipes and special tools, special specialist knowledge and skills on manual skill and knowledge of surface decorations in the historical inventory. to delegate, supervise and 	out high-quality historical painting techniques. the history, style, structure and function of the architecture of objects and spaces. the basics of restoration and monument protection.	strates, coatings and objects and take suitable measures to eliminate them. ✓ describe and apply the rules and processing guidelines for the professional execution of historical painting techniques. • carry out the historical painting tech-	Findings, documentation, subsoil evaluation	4	Findings, documentation, subsoil evaluation	8	
UNIT 15 – Historical L4_U15-1 Historical	 control this work. to work together with restorers and monument protection of- ficers. 	 the test and evaluation criteria of the subsurface. the materials and application techniques. the damage patterns on substrates, coatings and objects. 	niques, taking into account the specifications of the monument office and the regulatory principles of the monument protection: ✓ Basic services and techniques (diagnosis, documentation, subsurface evaluation, lime tech-	Historical techniques	8	Execution of historical techniques	24	
ָר ח <u>ר</u>		 high-quality materials, historical recipes and special tools and devices that are to be used for surface decorations in historical buildings. the rules and processing guidelines for the professional execution of historical painting techniques. 	nique, casein technique, chalk bases, stencil technique, fresco technique, lime smoothing technique) ✓ Reconstruction techniques (timber imitation (grain), stone imitation (marble, granite, sandstone), illusion painting, forms of writing). ✓ Gilding techniques (oil gilding, poliment gilding, gilding behind glass).	Gilding techniques	2	Execute gilding techniques	18	
SUM					22		66	

Note: Some of the listed techniques (skills) overlap with UNIT 10 Decorative Design.



Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

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		to be tra	ained / learned	Theomy	s s		ne s	No.
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
Lay floor coverings Lay floor coverings	He / she is able to advise the customer professionally and to propose solutions to problems. to check that the flooring work has been carried out correctly. to implement the rules of craftsmanship and manufacturer guidelines. to observe the rules for occupational health and safety and	He / she knows the properties and classifications of the materials as well as the advantages and disadvantages of the different floor coverings. techniques for laying floor coverings. the necessary tools, equipment, machines and materials.	He / she can use specific knowledge and knowhow in order to be able to carry out the work and solve problems. advise customers. answer questions (e.g. problem solving, sustainability, cleanability, safety, health protection). select tools, equipment, machines and required materials.	Professional advice. Rules of the trade.	0	Professional advice. Rules of the trade.	0	
UNIT 16 – L4_U16-1	environmental protection.	current trends (studies). the regulations for documentation. specific standards and rules for occupational safety and environmental protection. technical regulations and the necessary quality assurance measures.	dural options. plan, implement and document the execution of floor coverings:	Professional execution and control of flooring works. Rules for occupational safety, health and environmental protection.	0	Professional execution and control of flooring works. Rules for occupational safety, health and environmental protection.	0	
SUM					0		0	

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the authors, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.

a) Stone floors (tiles made of natural stone or fired plastic) are not, or only to a very limited extent, carried out by painters and varnishers in Germany. This work is part of the job of tiler.

b) For floor coatings, see "UNIT 12 Protective and Special Coatings".









		to be traine	ed / learned	Theomy	e s		s s	<u>ŏ</u>
	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource
ig and sustainability al painting	He / she is able to professionally advise the customer and to propose solutions to problems. to control the ecological painting work carried out. to apply the rules of craftsmanship. to observe the manufacturer's guidelines and rules on occu-	the properties and classifications of the materials as well as the advantages and disadvantages of the various natural materials. the necessary tools, equipment and machines. current trends (studies) and labels. the regulations for documenta-	He / she can use knowledge and know-how to carry out the work and solve problems. answer questions (e.g. on sustainability, cleanability, health and environmental protection). select and use tools, equipment, machines and required materials.	Professional advice (rules of craftsmanship, occupational safety, health and environmental protection).	8	Professional advice (rules of craftsmanship, occupational safety, health and environmental protection).	40	
17 – Ecological painting L4_U17-1 Ecological	pational health and safety and environmental protection. • to use technical, personal, social and methodological skills: ✓ Natural paints (e.g. mineral paints, lime paints, casein paints, silicate paints) ✓ Natural plasters (e.g. clay plasters, lime plas-	tion. the components of natural materials and coating materials. areas of application and requirements. the coating structure of the individual systems. measures against mold, fungi, pests, etc. the materials for carrying out	 produce natural materials and coating materials in-house. advise customers. plan, implement and document the execution of ecological painting work. apply practical knowledge of procedural options. 	Measures against mold, fungi, pests, etc.	8	Measures against mold, fungi, pests, etc.	10	
UNIT	ters) ✓ Natural lacquer (e.g. shellac) ✓ Oil paints (e.g. linseed oil paint) ✓ Grow	ecological painting work.		Professional execution of ecological painting works.	9	Professional execution of ecological painting works.	40	
SUM					25		90	







		to be traine	ed / learned		s e		e s	Š.
sustainability :y	Responsibility and autonomy	Knowledge	Skills	Theory (vocational training organization)	Guideline in hours	Practice (company)	Guideline in hours	Cource N
ical painting and 17-2 Sustainabilli	He / she is able to work together with employees, colleagues and customers, in compliance with company regulations, in terms of economic, ecological and socially sustainable development and to communicate in a way that is appropriate to the target group.	He / she knows the philosophy of sustainability and working with natural materials. the effects of the painting trade on the environment ("ecological footprint"). current trends (studies) and labels.	He / she can use economic, environmentally friendly and social aspects of sustainability in work processes and with regard to products, goods or services, materials and energy. develop suggestions for sustainable action for his / her own work area.	Work in compliance with company regulations, in the sense of economic, ecological and social sustainable development.	5	Work in compliance with company regulations, in the sense of economic, ecological and social sustainable development.	15	
UNIT 17 – Ecolog		 (cycle). the regulations for documentation. opportunities to avoid operational burdens on the environment and society. 	pany-related burdens on the environment and society in his / her own area of responsibility and contribute to their further development.	Identify opportunities for avoiding operational burdens on the environment and society in their own area of responsibility and contribute to their further development.	5	Identify opportunities for avoiding operational burdens on the environment and society in their own area of responsibility and contribute to their further development.	15	
SUM					10		30	

Note: Some of the knowledge and skills listed may overlap with UNIT 2, 5 to 10 and 15



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List of sources

Training courses for painters; Austrian Federal Economic Chamber (WKO), Vienna; https://www.wko.at/branchen/gewerbe-handwerk/maler/ausbildungen-maler.html; download: 09.03.2021

Framework curriculum for the training occupation of painter and varnisher; Resolution of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of 18.12.2020, Secretariat of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs, Department of Vocational Education, Continuing Education and Sport; Berlin; berufsbildung@kmk.org; http://www.kmk.org; https://www.kmk.org/themen/berufliche-schulen/duale-berufsausbildung/downloadbereich-rahmenlehrplaene.html; download: 20.01.2021

